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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/566,040	01/26/2006	David Harold Drewry	PR60418USW	9316		
23347 GLAXOSMITHKLINE CORPORATE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, MAI B475 FIVE MOORE DR., PO BOX 13398 RESISARCH TRIANGLE PARK. NC 27709-3398			EXAM	EXAMINER		
			MABRY, JOHN			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		1625				
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			04/04/2008	ELECTRONIC		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

USCIPRTP@GSK.COM JULIE.D.MCFALLS@GSK.COM LAURA.M.MCCULLEN@GSK.COM

Application No. | Applicant(s) | Office Action Summary | 10/566,040 | DREWRY ET AL. | Examiner | Art Unit | 1625 | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -- Reply |

		John Mabry, PhD	1625			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
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Status						
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Je This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro-		e merits is		
Diamonis	·					
	ion of Claims					
5) 6) 7)	Claim(s) 1-43 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 44 is/are withdrawn fi Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) 1-43 are subject to restriction and/or e	rom consideration.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	a 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C			
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)[a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list-	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage		
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patient Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information-Disclosure-Statemont(e)-(PTO/625/52) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper Nots/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicant is respectfully reminded that it is <u>required</u> that all claims be amended to elected group. Examiner also warns Applicant not to introduce new matter when amending.

Claim Objection

Applicant is advised that claim 44 is a "Use" claim. Please see MPEP 2173.05(q) for information on "use" claims. "Use" claim have been withdrawn from examination.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

 Claims 1, 3, 5, 8-12, 14-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=phenyl (not fused). A further election of single disclosed species is required. Application/Control Number: 10/566,040 Art Unit: 1625

- II. Claims 1, 3, 5, 8-11, 13-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=pyridinyl (not fused). A further election of single disclosed species is required.
- III. Claims 1, 3, 5, 8-11, 13-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=quinolinyl. A further election of single disclosed species is required.
- IV. Claims 1-10, 41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R1and R2 combine to form piperidinyl. A further election of single disclosed species is required.
- V. Claims 1-10, 41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H and R1and R2 combine to form piperazinyl. A further election of single disclosed species is required.
- VI. Claims 1, 3, 5, 8-12, 14-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H,

R2=H, alkyl, and R1=benzothiazolyl. A further election of single disclosed species is required.

- VII. Claims 1, 3, 5, 8-11, 13-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=isoxzolyl. A further election of single disclosed species is required.
- VIII. Claims 1, 3, 5, 8-11, 13-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=alkyl unsubstituted or substituted with morpholinyl, pyridinyl, phenyl. A further election of single disclosed species is required.
- IX. Claims 1-41 and 43 are drawn to compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of Formula I that are not encompassed by Groups I-VIII. A further election of single disclosed species is required. This group may be subject to further restriction.
- X. Claim 42 is drawn to a method of treating diseases and disorders as described by Applicant limited to the scope of one of groups I-IX. An election of species is required if this group is chosen.

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The inventions listed as Groups I-X do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

Where a group of inventions is claimed in an application, the requirement of unity of invention shall be fulfilled only when there is a technical relationship among those inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features...those technical features that define a contribution which each of the claimed inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art.

The special technical feature corresponding to Group I is an indazole structure wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=phenyl (not fused). Group II contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=pyridinyl (not fused). Group III contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=quinolinyl. Group IV contains an imidazo pyridinone structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R1and R2 combine to form piperidinyl. Group V contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H. R3, R4, R5=H and R1and R2 combine to form piperazinyl. Group VI contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H. R3. R4. R5=H. R2=H. alkyl. and R1=benzothiazolyl. Group VII contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=isoxzolyl. Group VIII contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature, wherein D and X=C-R where R=H, R3, R4, R5=H, R2=H, alkyl, and R1=alkyl unsubstituted or substituted with morpholinyl, pyridinyl, phenyl.

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Group IX contains an indazole structure as its special technical feature of Formula I that are not encompassed by Groups I-VIII. The ring systems are not considered equivalent.

The technical feature corresponding to the methods claims of Group X: a method of *** and a method of treating a list of diseases/disorders as described by Applicant - found in the individual compound and composition groups above. There is a significant difference in the between compounds/composition and methods of treating a disease/condition and method of inhibition. These treatments of diseases/conditions and compounds/compositions are not considered equivalent.

The special technical feature of this invention is the common core found in Formula I. This special technical feature, found in WO 00/07993 as described by Coulton et al (compound on page 61, line 23).

Therefore the above claims, are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept and there is a lack of unity of invention because they lack a common core structure and the technical features present fail to define a contribution over the

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prior art. Accordingly, unity of invention is considered to be lacking and restriction of the invention in accordance with the rules of unity of invention is considered to be proper.

Therefore, since the claims do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 and lack the same or corresponding special technical features, the claims lack unity of invention and should be limited to only one invention.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification:
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

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Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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Election

A telephone call was made to Attorney Kathryn L. Coulter on March 17, 2008 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

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Rejoinder Advisory

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

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Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

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Conclusion

Applicant is respectfully reminded that it is <u>required</u> that all claims be amended to elected group. Examiner also warns Applicant not to introduce new matter when amending.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Mabry, PhD whose telephone number is (571) 270-1967. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 9am to 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Janet Andres, PhD, can be reached on (571) 272-0867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

/John Mabry, PhD/ Examiner Art Unit 1625 Art Unit: 1625